Flow Cell Number: ..... DNA Samples: .....

Before start checklist

Materials

- [ ] 1 µg (or 100-200 fmol) high molecular weight genomic DNA
- [ ] OR 100+ ng high molecular weight genomic DNA if performing DNA fragmentation
- [ ] Ligation Sequencing Kit XL (SQK-LSK112-XL)

Consumables

- [ ] NEBNext® Companion Module for Oxford Nanopore Technologies® Ligation Sequencing (NEB, E7180S or E7180L). Alternatively, you can use the NEBNext® products below:
- [ ] NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix (NEB, M6630)
- [ ] NEBNext Ultra II End repair/dA-tailing Module (NEB, E7546)
- [ ] NEBNext Quick Ligation Module (NEB, E6056)
- [ ] Agencourt AMPure XP beads (Beckman Coulter™ cat # A63881)
- [ ] 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tubes
- [ ] Eppendorf twin.tec® PCR plate 96 LoBind, semi-skirted (Eppendorf™, cat # 0030129504) with heat seals
- [ ] 0.2 ml thin-walled PCR tubes
- [ ] Nuclease-free water (e.g. ThermoFisher, AM9937)
- [ ] Freshly prepared 70% ethanol in nuclease-free water
- [ ] Qubit™ Assay Tubes (Invitrogen, Q32856)
- [ ] Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit (Invitrogen,

Equipment

- [ ] Magnetic rack suitable for 96-well PCR plates, e.g. DynaMag™-96 Side Skirted Magnet (Thermo Fisher, cat # 12027)
- [ ] OR magnetic separator suitable for 0.2 ml PCR tube strips, e.g. DynaMag™-PCR Magnet (Thermo Fisher, #492025) or DynaMag™-96 Side Magnet (Thermo Fisher, #12331D)
- [ ] Hula mixer (gentle rotator mixer)
- [ ] Microfuge
- [ ] Microplate centrifuge, e.g. Fisherbrand™ Mini Plate Spinner Centrifuge (Fisher Scientific, 11766427)
- [ ] Vortex mixer
- [ ] Thermal cycler
- [ ] Ice bucket with ice
- [ ] Timer
- [ ] Pipetting troughs
- [ ] Qubit fluorometer (or equivalent for QC check)

Q32851)

☐ Pipettes and pipette tips P2, P10, P20, P100,

P200, P1000

INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
DNA repair and end-prep	
☐ Thaw DNA Control Sample (DCS) at RT, spin down, mix by pipetting, and place on ice.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Prepare the NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix and NEBNext Ultra II End Repair / dA-tailing Module reagents in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and place on ice. ☐ Thaw all reagents on ice. ☐ Flick and/or invert the reagent tubes to ensure they are well mixed. Note: Do not vortex the FFPE DNA Repair Mix or Ultra II End Prep Enzyme Mix. ☐ Always spin down tubes before opening for the first time each day. ☐ The Ultra II End Prep Buffer and FFPE DNA Repair Buffer may have a little precipitate. Allow the mixture to come to RT and pipette the buffer up and down several times to break up the precipitate, followed by vortexing the tube for 30 seconds to solubilise any precipitate. Note: It is important the buffers are mixed well by vortexing. ☐ The FFPE DNA Repair Buffer may have a yellow tinge and is fine to use if yellow.	
IMPORTANT ☐ Do not vortex the NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix or NEBNext Ultra II End Prep Enzyme Mix.	
IMPORTANT ☐ It is important that the NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Buffer and NEBNext Ultra II End Prep Reaction Buffer are mixed well by vortexing.	
Prepare the DNA in Nuclease-free water: ☐ Transfer 1 µg (or 100-200 fmol) genomic DNA into a separate well of a 96-well plate or a 0.2 ml PCR tube strip ☐ Adjust the volume to 47 µl with Nuclease-free water ☐ Mix thoroughly by pipetting up and down, or by flicking the tube ☐ If necessary, seal and spin down briefly in an appropriate microfuge To each sample, add the following: ☐ 47 µl DNA from the previous step ☐ 1 µl DNA CS (optional) ☐ 7 µl NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Buffer v2 ☐ 2 µl NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix ☐ 3 µl Ultra II End-prep Enzyme Mix ☐ 47 µl DNA from the previous step ☐ 1 µl DNA CS (optional) ☐ 3.5 µl NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Buffer ☐ 2 µl NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix ☐ 3.5 µl Ultra II End-prep Reaction Buffer ☐ 3 µl Ultra II End-prep Enzyme Mix ☐ Mix well by gently pipetting the entire volume within each well/tube up and down 10 times, or by flicking the tubes, and spin down. ☐ Seal the plate, or close the tube lids. ☐ Using a thermal cycler, incubate at 20°C for 5 minutes and 65°C for 5 minutes.	
IMPORTANT ☐ AMPure XP bead clean-up	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
☐ Resuspend the AMPure XP beads by vortexing and transfer to a pipetting trough. Ensure that the volume transferred is enough for 60 µl to be added to each DNA sample, with an excess to allow for dead volume within the pipetting trough.	
IMPORTANT ☐ Resuspend and transfer the beads to the pipetting trough immediately before use to ensure beads do not settle.	
☐ Keep the DNA samples in their original wells/PCR tubes. Add 60 µl of resuspended AMPure XP beads to each sample and mix by pipetting at least 100 µl up and down ten times. Retain any unused beads. ☐ Incubate for 5 minutes at RT. ☐ Prepare fresh 70% ethanol in Nuclease-free water and pour into a pipetting trough. Allow enough for 500 µl per sample, with an excess to allow for dead volume within the pipetting trough. After the bead washing steps, discard any unused ethanol. ☐ Pellet the beads on a magnet for at least 2 minutes, or until the supernatant is clear. Keep the plate/tube strip on the magnet and pipette off the supernatant. ☐ Keeping the plate/tube strip on the magnet, wash each pellet of beads with 200 µl of the freshly-prepared 70% ethanol without disturbing the pellets. Remove the 70% ethanol using a pipette and discard. ☐ Repeat the previous step. ☐ Seal the plate, or close the tube lids. Spin down and place the plate/tube strip back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual ethanol. ☐ Pour Nuclease-free water into a pipetting trough. Allow enough for 61 µl per sample, with an excess to allow for dead volume within the pipetting trough. ☐ Remove the plate/tube strip from the magnetic rack and resuspend each pellet in 61 µl Nuclease-free water from the pipetting trough. Pipette the entire volume up and down ten times). ☐ Seal the plate or close the tube lids, and incubate for 2 minutes at RT. ☐ Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless, for at least 1 minute. ☐ Remove and retain 61 µl of each eluate in a separate, clean well/tube within a 96-well PCR plate or PCR tube strip. Dispose of the pelleted beads.	
Quantify 1 µl of eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.	
Take forward the repaired and end-prepped DNA into the adapter ligation step. However, at this point it is also possible to store the sample at 4°C overnight.	
Adapter ligation and clean-up	
IMPORTANT ☐ Although the recommended 3rd party ligase is supplied with its own buffer, the ligation efficiency of Adapter Mix H (AMX H) is higher when using the Ligation Buffer (LNB) supplied within the Ligation Sequencing Kit.	
☐ Spin down the Adapter Mix H (AMX H) and Quick T4 Ligase, and place on ice.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
☐ Thaw Ligation Buffer (LNB) at RT, spin down and mix by pipetting. Due to viscosity, vortexing this buffer is ineffective. Place on ice immediately after thawing and mixing. ☐ Thaw the Elution Buffer (EB) at RT and mix by vortexing. Then spin down and place on ice.	
IMPORTANT Depending on the wash buffer (LFB or SFB) used, the clean-up step after adapter ligation is designed to either enrich for DNA fragments of >3 kb, or purify all fragments equally. ☐ To enrich for DNA fragments of 3 kb or longer, use Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) ☐ To retain DNA fragments of all sizes, use Short Fragment Buffer (SFB)	
☐ To enrich for DNA fragments of 3 kb or longer, thaw one tube of Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) at RT, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice. ☐ To retain DNA fragments of all sizes, thaw one tube of Short Fragment Buffer (SFB) at RT, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice. To each repaired/end-prepped DNA sample (60 µl), add the following: ☐ 25 µl Ligation Buffer (LNB) ☐ 10 µl NEBNext Quick T4 DNA Ligase ☐ 5 µl Adapter Mix H (AMX H) ☐ Mix well by gently pipetting the entire volume within each well/tube up and down 10 times. ☐ Incubate the reaction for 10 minutes at RT. ☐ Resuspend the AMPure XP beads by vortexing and transfer to a pipetting trough. Ensure that the volume transferred is enough for 60 µl to be added to each DNA sample, with an excess to allow for dead volume within the pipetting trough.	
IMPORTANT ☐ Resuspend and transfer the beads to the pipetting trough immediately before use to ensure beads do not settle.	
☐ Add 40 µl of resuspended AMPure XP beads to each sample and mix by pipetting the entire combined volume up and down 10 times. ☐ Incubate for 5 minutes at RT. ☐ Add sufficient Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) or Short Fragment Buffer (SFB) to a pipetting trough. Allow enough for 400 µl per sample, with an excess to allow for dead volume within the pipetting trough. Retain any unused reagent after the wash steps. ☐ Pellet the beads on a magnet for at least 2 minutes, or until the supernatant is clear. Keep the plate/tube strip on the magnet and pipette off the supernatant. ☐ Remove the plate/tube strip from the magnetic rack and wash each pellet of beads by adding either 200 µl Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) or Short Fragment Buffer (SFB). Resuspend each pellet thoroughly by pipetting the entire volume of buffer up and down ten times. Fully resuspending the beads at this step ensures optimal kit performance. Return the plate/tube strip to the magnetic rack and allow the beads to pellet until the supernatant is clear. Remove the supernatant using a pipette and discard.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
IMPORTANT ☐ It is essential that beads are resuspended fully and not simply moved around the tubes through use of the magnet.	
☐ Repeat the previous step. ☐ Seal the plate, or close the tube lids. Spin down and place the plate/tube strip back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual supernatant. ☐ Add sufficient Elution Buffer (EB) to a pipetting trough. Allow enough for 15 µl per sample, with an excess to allow for dead volume within the pipetting trough. Retain any unused Elution Buffer (EB) after the elution step. ☐ Remove the plate/tube strip from the magnetic rack and resuspend each pellet in 15 µl Elution Buffer (EB) from the pipetting trough, pipetting the entire volume up and down 10 times. ☐ Seal the plate (or close the tube lids), and incubate for 10 minutes at 37°C in a thermal cycler. Any heated lid used should be limited to 50°C. ☐ Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless, for at least 1 minute. ☐ Remove and retain 15 µl of each eluate in a separate, clean well/tube within a 96-well PCR plate or PCR tube strip. Dispose of the pelleted beads.	
Quantify 1 µl of eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.	
The prepared library is used for loading into the flow cell. Store the library on ice or at 4°C until ready to load.	
IMPORTANT ☐ We recommend loading 5-10 fmol of this final prepared library onto your flow cells.	
Priming and loading the SpotON flow cell	
IMPORTANT ☐ The Kit 12 chemistry runs at 30°C on nanopore sequencing devices. This is several degrees cooler than other chemistries. While the protocol was initially developed on GridION and PromethION, we also support its use on MinION Mk1C, as the MinION Mk1C device's temperature control allows the flow cell to be maintained at 30°C for the duration of the run. However, we cannot guarantee the same level of temperature control on the MinION Mk1B. Therefore, if you are running Kit 12 chemistry on the MinION Mk1B, ensure that the ambient temperature does not exceed 23°C.	
Using the Loading Solution ☐ Thaw the Sequencing Buffer II (SBII), Loading Beads II (LBII) or Loading Solution (LS, if using), Flush Tether (FLT) and one tube of Flush Buffer (FB) at RT before mixing the reagents by vortexing and spin down at RT. ☐ Prepare the flow cell Priming Mix: in a suitable vial, prepare a mix of Flush Buffer (FB) and Flush Tether (FLT) for priming all flow cells to be loaded. Allow 30 µl of Flush Tether (FLT) and 1.17 ml of Flush Buffer (FB) for every flow cell; no excess is required. Once combined, mix well by briefly vortexing.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
☐ Open the MinION lid and slide the flow cell under the clip. Press down firmly on the flow cell to ensure correct thermal and electrical contact. ☐ Slide the flow cell priming port cover clockwise to open the priming port.	
IMPORTANT ☐ Take care when drawing back buffer from the flow cell. Do not remove more than 20-30 µl, and make sure that the array of pores are covered by buffer at all times. Introducing air bubbles into the array can irreversibly damage pores.	
After opening the priming port, check for a small air bubble under the cover. Draw back a small volume to remove any bubbles: ☐ Set a P1000 pipette to 200 µl ☐ Insert the tip into the priming port ☐ Turn the wheel until the dial shows 220-230 µl, to draw back 20-30 µl, or until you can see a small volume of buffer entering the pipette tip ☐ Load 800 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell via the priming port, avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. Wait for five minutes. During this time, prepare the library for loading by following the steps below. ☐ Thoroughly mix the contents of the Loading Beads II (LBII) by pipetting.	
IMPORTANT ☐ The Loading Beads II (LBII) tube contains a suspension of beads. These beads settle very quickly. It is vital that they are mixed immediately before use.	
In a new tube, prepare the library for loading as follows: ☐ 37.5 µl Sequencing Buffer II (SBII) ☐ 25.5 µl Loading Beads II (LBII) mixed immediately before use, or Loading Solution (LS), if using ☐ 12 µl DNA library Complete the flow cell priming: ☐ Gently lift the SpotON sample port cover to make the SpotON sample port accessible. ☐ Load 200 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell priming port (not the SpotON sample port), avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. ☐ Mix the prepared library gently by pipetting up and down just prior to loading. ☐ Add 75 µl of the prepared library to the flow cell via the SpotON sample port in a dropwise fashion. Ensure each drop flows into the port before adding the next. ☐ Gently replace the SpotON sample port cover, making sure the bung enters the SpotON port, close the priming port and replace the MinION lid.	
Flow cell reuse and returns	
☐ After your sequencing experiment is complete, if you would like to reuse the flow cell, please follow the Flow Cell Wash Kit protocol and store the washed flow cell at 2-8°C.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
☐ Alternatively, follow the returns procedure to flush out the flow cell ready to send back to Oxford Nanopore.	
IMPORTANT ☐ If you encounter issues or have questions about your sequencing experiment, please refer to the Troubleshooting Guide that can be found in the online version of this protocol.	