ersion: CDE_9140_v112_revJ_01Dec2021 ast update: 27/03/2023		Technologies
Flow Cell Number:	DNA Samples:	
Before start checklist		
Materials	Consumables	Equipment
Control Expansion (EXP-CTL001)	NEBNext® Companion Module for Oxford Nanopore Technologies® Ligation Sequencing (NEB, E7180S or E7180L). Alternatively, you can use the NEBNext® products below:	Hula mixer (gentle rotator mixer)
Ligation Sequencing Kit (SQK-LSK112)	NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix (NEB, M6630)	Magnetic rack, suitable for 1.5 ml Eppendorf tubes
	NEBNext Ultra II End repair/dA-tailing Module (NEB, E7546)	Microfuge
	NEBNext Quick Ligation Module (NEB, E6056)	☐ Vortex mixer
	1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tubes	☐ Thermal cycler
	0.2 ml thin-walled PCR tubes	☐ Ice bucket with ice
	Nuclease-free water (e.g. ThermoFisher, AM9937)	☐ Timer
	Freshly prepared 70% ethanol in nuclease-free water	Pipettes and pipette tips P2, P10, P20, P100, P200, P1000
INSTRUCTIONS		NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
DNA repair and end-prep		
Thaw DNA Control Sample (DCS) and Lambda Eplace on ice.	☐ Thaw DNA Control Sample (DCS) and Lambda DNA (LMD) at RT, spin down, mix gently by pipetting, and place on ice.	
accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and pl	BNext Ultra II End Repair / dA-tailing Module reagent ace on ice.	ts in
☐ Thaw all reagents on ice.☐ Flick and/or invert the reagent tubes to ensure	they are well mixed	
Note: Do not vortex the FFPE DNA Repair Mix		
Always spin down tubes before opening for th	-	
☐ The FFPE DNA Repair Buffer may have a yello	w tinge and is fine to use if yellow.	
IMPORTANT		
Do not vortex the NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair M	ix or NEBNext Ultra II End Prep Enzyme Mix.	

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☐ It is important that the NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Buffer and NEBNext Ultra II End Prep Reaction Buffer

are mixed well by vortexing.

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
In a 0.2 ml thin-walled PCR tube, mix the following: 27 µl Nuclease-free water 20 µl Lambda DNA 1 µl DNA CS 3.5 µl NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Buffer 2 µl NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix 3.5 µl Ultra II End-prep reaction buffer 3 µl Ultra II End-prep enzyme mix	
☐ Thoroughly mix the reaction by gently pipetting and briefly spinning down.	
☐ Using a thermal cycler, incubate at 20°C for 5 minutes and 65°C for 5 minutes.	
Resuspend the AMPure XP Beads (AXP) by vortexing.	
☐ Transfer the DNA sample to a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Add 60 μl of resuspended the AMPure XP Beads (AXP) to the end-prep reaction and mix by flicking the tube.	
☐ Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at RT.	
Prepare 500 μl of fresh 70% ethanol in Nuclease-free water.	
Spin down the sample and pellet on a magnet until supernatant is clear and colourless. Keep the tube on the magnet, and pipette off the supernatant.	
Keep the tube on the magnet and wash the beads with 200 μl of freshly prepared 70% ethanol without disturbing the pellet. Remove the ethanol using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Allow to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking.	
Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend the pellet in 61 μl Nuclease-free water. Incubate for 2 minutes at RT.	
Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless, for at least 1 minute.	
Remove and retain 61 μl of eluate into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Quantify 1 µl of eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.	
Take forward the repaired and end-prepped DNA into the adapter ligation step. However, at this point it is also possible to store the sample at 4°C overnight.	
Adapter ligation and clean-up	
IMPORTANT ☐ Although the recommended 3rd party ligase is supplied with its own buffer, the ligation efficiency of Adapter Mix H (AMX H) is higher when using the Ligation Buffer (LNB) supplied within the Ligation Sequencing Kit.	

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Flow Cell Number: DNA Samples:	
INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
☐ Spin down the Adapter Mix H (AMX H) and Quick T4 Ligase, and place on ice.	
☐ Thaw Ligation Buffer (LNB) at RT, spin down and mix by pipetting. Due to viscosity, vortexing this buffer is ineffective. Place on ice immediately after thawing and mixing.	
☐ Thaw the Elution Buffer (EB) at RT and mix by vortexing. Then spin down and place on ice.	
IMPORTANT	
Depending on the wash buffer (LFB or SFB) used, the clean-up step after adapter ligation is designed to either enrich for DNA fragments of >3 kb, or purify all fragments equally.	
To enrich for DNA fragments of 3 kb or longer, use Long Fragment Buffer (LFB)	
☐ To retain DNA fragments of all sizes, use Short Fragment Buffer (SFB)	
☐ To enrich for DNA fragments of 3 kb or longer, thaw one tube of Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) at RT, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice.	
☐ To retain DNA fragments of all sizes, thaw one tube of Short Fragment Buffer (SFB) at RT, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice.	
In a 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube, mix in the following order:	
☐ 60 μl DNA sample from the previous step	
25 μl Ligation Buffer (LNB)	
10 μl NEBNext Quick T4 DNA Ligase	
☐ 5 µl Adapter Mix H (AMX H)	
$\hfill \square$ Thoroughly mix the reaction by gently pipetting and briefly spinning down.	
☐ Incubate the reaction for 10 minutes at RT.	
☐ Resuspend the AMPure XP Beads (AXP) by vortexing.	
\square Add 40 μ l of resuspended AMPure XP Beads (AXP) to the reaction and mix by flicking the tube.	
☐ Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at RT.	
Spin down the sample and pellet on a magnet. Keep the tube on the magnet, and pipette off the supernatant when clear and colourless.	
Wash the beads by adding either 250 µl Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) or 250 µl Short Fragment Buffer (SFB). Flick the beads to resuspend, spin down, then return the tube to the magnetic rack and allow the beads to pellet. Remove the supernatant using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual supernatant. Allow to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking.	
Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend the pellet in 15 µl Elution Buffer (EB). Spin down and incubate for 10 minutes at RT. For high molecular weight DNA, incubating at 37°C can improve the recovery of long fragments.	

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Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless, for at least 1 minute.

of buffer entering the pipette tip

Ligation sequencing gDNA - Lambda control (SQK-LSK112) /ersion: CDE_9140_v112_revJ_01Dec2021 .ast update: 27/03/2023	Oxford NANOPORE Technologies
Flow Cell Number: DNA Samples:	
INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Remove and retain 15 μl of eluate containing the DNA library into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Quantify 1 µl of eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.	
The prepared library is used for loading into the flow cell. Store the library on ice or at 4°C until ready to load.	
 ■ We recommend loading 5-10 fmol of this final prepared library onto your flow cells. 	
Priming and loading the SpotON flow cell	
■ The Kit 12 chemistry runs at 30°C on nanopore sequencing devices. This is several degrees cooler than other chemistries. While the protocol was initially developed on GridlON and PromethION, we also support its use on MinION Mk1C, as the MinION Mk1C device's temperature control allows the flow cell to be maintained at 30°C for the duration of the run. However, we cannot guarantee the same level of temperature control on the MinION Mk1B. Therefore, if you are running Kit 12 chemistry on the MinION Mk1B, ensure that the ambient temperature does not exceed 23°C.	
Using the Loading Solution Thaw the Sequencing Buffer II (SBII), Loading Beads II (LBII) or Loading Solution (LS, if using), Flush Tether (FLT) and one tube of Flush Buffer (FB) at RT before mixing the reagents by vortexing and spin down at RT. To prepare the flow cell priming mix, add 30 µI of thawed and mixed Flush Tether (FLT) directly to the tube of thawed and mixed Flush Buffer (FB), and mix by vortexing at RT. Open the MinION lid and slide the flow cell under the clip. Press down firmly on the flow cell to ensure correct thermal and electrical contact.	
☐ Slide the flow cell priming port cover clockwise to open the priming port. IMPORTANT ☐ Take care when drawing back buffer from the flow cell. Do not remove more than 20-30 µl, and make sure that the array of pores are covered by buffer at all times. Introducing air bubbles into the array can irreversibly damage pores.	
After opening the priming port, check for a small air bubble under the cover. Draw back a small volume to remove any bubbles: Set a P1000 pipette to 200 µl Insert the tip into the priming port Turn the wheel until the dial shows 220-230 µl, to draw back 20-30 µl, or until you can see a small volume	9

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Note: Visually check that there is continuous buffer from the priming port across the sensor array.

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Load 800 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell via the priming port, avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. Wait for five minutes. During this time, prepare the library for loading by following the steps below.	
☐ Thoroughly mix the contents of the Loading Beads II (LBII) by pipetting.	
IMPORTANT	
☐ The Loading Beads II (LBII) tube contains a suspension of beads. These beads settle very quickly. It is vital that they are mixed immediately before use.	
In a new tube, prepare the library for loading as follows: 37.5 37.5 18 Sequencing Buffer II (SBII) 25.5 19 Loading Beads II (LBII) mixed immediately before use, or Loading Solution (LS), if using 12 12 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 16 17 18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
Complete the flow cell priming: Gently lift the SpotON sample port cover to make the SpotON sample port accessible. Load 200 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell priming port (not the SpotON sample port), avoiding the introduction of air bubbles.	
☐ Mix the prepared library gently by pipetting up and down just prior to loading.	
Add 75 μl of the prepared library to the flow cell via the SpotON sample port in a dropwise fashion. Ensure each drop flows into the port before adding the next.	
Gently replace the SpotON sample port cover, making sure the bung enters the SpotON port and close the priming port.	
IMPORTANT	
Install the light shield on your flow cell as soon as library has been loaded for optimal sequencing output.	
Place the light shield onto the flow cell, as follows: Carefully place the leading edge of the light shield against the clip. Note: Do not force the light shield underneath the clip.	
Gently lower the light shield onto the flow cell. The light shield should sit around the SpotON cover, covering the entire top section of the flow cell.	
Close the device lid and set up a sequencing run on MinKNOW.	
Flow cell reuse and returns	
After your sequencing experiment is complete, if you would like to reuse the flow cell, please follow the Flow Cell Wash Kit protocol and store the washed flow cell at 2-8°C.	
☐ Alternatively, follow the returns procedure to flush out the flow cell ready to send back to Oxford Nanopore.	
IMPORTANT	
If you encounter issues or have questions about your sequencing experiment, please refer to the Troubleshooting Guide that can be found in the online version of this protocol.	

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