

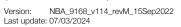
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Flow Cell Number:

DNA Samples:

Before start checklist			
Materials	Consumables	Equipment	
Native Barcoding Kit 24 V14 (SQK- NBD114.24)	NEB Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix (NEB, M0367)	Hula mixer (gentle rotator mixer)	
200 fmol (130 ng for 1 kb amplicons) DNA per sample to be barcoded	NEBNext Ultra II End repair/dA-tailing Module (NEB, E7546)	Microplate centrifuge, e.g. Fisherbrand [™] Mini Plate Spinner Centrifuge (Fisher Scientific, 11766427)	
	NEBNext Quick Ligation Module (NEB, E6056)	Magnetic rack	
	Eppendorf twin.tec® PCR plate 96 LoBind, semi-skirted (Eppendorf™, cat # 0030129504) with heat seals	Microfuge	
	1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tubes	Vortex mixer	
	2 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tubes	Thermal cycler	
	Nuclease-free water (e.g. ThermoFisher, AM9937)	C lce bucket with ice	
	Freshly prepared 80% ethanol in nuclease- free water	Timer	
	Qubit™ Assay Tubes (Invitrogen, Q32856)	Eppendorf 5424 centrifuge (or equivalent)	
	Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit (ThermoFisher, cat # Q32851)	Qubit fluorometer (or equivalent for QC check)	
	Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) (50 mg/ml) (e.g Invitrogen™ UltraPure™ BSA 50 mg/ml, AM2616)	Pipettes and pipette tips P2, P10, P20, P100, P200, P1000, Multichannel	
INSTRUCTIONS		NOTES/OBSERVATIONS	
End-prep			
Thaw the AMPure XP Beads (AXP) and DNA Con beads at RT and store the DNA Control Sample	ntrol Sample (DCS) at RT and mix by vortexing. Keep (DCS) on ice.	the	
Prepare the NEBNext Ultra II End Repair / dA-tailing instructions, and place on ice:	Module reagents in accordance with manufacturer's		
Thaw all reagents on ice.			
Flick and/or invert the reagent tubes to ensure they are well mixed. Note: Do not vortex the Ultra II End Prep Enzyme Mix.			
Always spin down tubes before opening for the first time each day.			
	recipitate. Allow the mixture to come to RT and pipet the precipitate, followed by vortexing the tube for 30	te the	

Ligation sequencing amplicons - Native Barcoding Kit 24 V14 (SQK-NBD114.24)



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DNA Samples:

INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
IMPORTANT	
Do not vortex the NEBNext Ultra II End Prep Enzyme Mix.	
IMPORTANT	
It is important that the NEBNext Ultra II End Prep Reaction Buffer is mixed well by vortexing.	
Dilute your DNA Control Sample (DCS) by adding 105 µl Elution Buffer (EB) directly to one DCS tube. Mix gently by pipetting and spin down.	
In clean 0.2 ml thin-walled PCR tubes (or a clean 96-well plate), aliquot 200 fmol (130 ng for 1 kb amplicons) of DNA per sample.	
\square Make up each sample to 11.5 μ I using Nuclease-free water. Mix gently by pipetting and spin down.	
Combine the following components per tube/well: 11.5 µl 200 fmol (130 ng for 1 kb amplicons) amplicon DNA 1 µl Diluted DNA Control Sample (DCS) 1.75 µl Ultra II End-prep Reaction Buffer 0.75 µl Ultra II End-prep Enzyme Mix	
Ensure the components are thoroughly mixed by pipetting and spin down in a centrifuge.	
\Box Using a thermal cycler, incubate at 20°C for 5 minutes and 65°C for 5 minutes.	
Transfer each sample into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Resuspend the AMPure XP beads (AXP) by vortexing.	
\square Add 15 µl of resuspended AMPure XP Beads (AXP) to each end-prep reaction and mix by flicking the tube.	
□ Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at RT.	
□ Prepare 500 µl of fresh 80% ethanol in Nuclease-free water.	
Spin down the samples and pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless. Keep the tubes on the magnet and pipette off the supernatant.	
☐ Keep the tube on the magnet and wash the beads with 200 µl of freshly prepared 80% ethanol without disturbing the pellet. Remove the ethanol using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
Briefly spin down and place the tubes back on the magnet for the beads to pellet. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Allow to dry for 30 seconds, but do not dry the pellets to the point of cracking.	
Remove the tubes from the magnetic rack and resuspend the pellet in 10 µl Nuclease-free water. Spin down and incubate for 2 minutes at RT.	
Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Remove and retain 10 µl of eluate into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Quantify 1 µl of each eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.	
Take forward an equimolar mass of each sample to be barcoded forward into the native barcode ligation step. However, you may store the samples at 4°C overnight.	
Native barcode ligation	
Prepare the NEB Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix according to the manufacturer's instructions, and place on ice: Thaw the reagents at RT. Spin down the reagent tubes for 5 seconds.	
 Ensure the reagents are fully mixed by performing 10 full volume pipette mixes. 	
Thaw the EDTA at RT and mix by vortexing. Then spin down and place on ice.	
Thaw the Native Barcodes (NB01-24) required for your number of samples at RT. Individually mix the barcodes by pipetting, spin down, and place them on ice.	
Select a unique barcode for each sample to be run together on the same flow cell. Up to 24 samples can be barcoded and combined in one experiment.	
In clean 0.2 ml PCR-tubes or a 96-well plate, add the reagents in the following order per well: 7.5 µl End-prepped DNA 2.5 µl Native Barcode (NB01-24) 10 µl Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix	
Thoroughly mix the reaction by gently pipetting and briefly spinning down.	
Incubate for 20 minutes at RT.	
Add the following volume of EDTA to each well and mix thoroughly by pipetting and spin down briefly. 2 μl For clear cap EDTA 4 μl For blue cap EDTA	
Pool all the barcoded samples in a 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Resuspend the AMPure XP Beads (AXP) by vortexing.	
Add 0.4X AMPure XP Beads (AXP) to the pooled reaction, and mix by pipetting.	
Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 10 minutes at RT.	
Prepare 2 ml of fresh 80% ethanol in Nuclease-free water.	
Spin down the sample and pellet on a magnet for 5 minutes. Keep the plate on the magnetic rack until the eluate is clear and colourless, and pipette off the supernatant.	



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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Keep the tube on the magnetic rack and wash the beads with 700 μl of freshly prepared 80% ethanol without disturbing the pellet. Remove the ethanol using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
Spin down and place the tube back on the magnetic rack. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Allow the pellet to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking.	
Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend the pellet in 35 µl Nuclease-free water by gently flicking.	
Incubate for 10 minutes at 37°C. Every 2 minutes, agitate the sample by gently flicking for 10 seconds to encourage DNA elution.	
Pellet the beads on a magnetic rack until the eluate is clear and colourless.	
\square Remove and retain 35 µl of eluate into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Quantify 1 µl of eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.	
Take forward the barcoded DNA library to the adapter ligation and clean-up step. However, you may store the sample at 4°C overnight.	
Adapter ligation and clean-up	
IMPORTANT The Native Adapter (NA) used in this kit and protocol is not interchangeable with other sequencing adapters.	
 Prepare the NEBNext Quick Ligation Reaction Module according to the manufacturer's instructions, and place on ice: Thaw the reagents at RT. Spin down the reagent tubes for 5 seconds. Ensure the reagents are fully mixed by performing 10 full volume pipette mixes. Note: Do NOT vortex the Quick T4 DNA Ligase. 	
IMPORTANT	
Do not vortex the Quick T4 DNA Ligase.	
Spin down the Native Adapter (NA) and Quick T4 DNA Ligase, pipette mix and place on ice.	
☐ Thaw the Elution Buffer (EB) at RT and mix by vortexing. Then spin down and place on ice.	
IMPORTANT	
Depending on the wash buffer (LFB or SFB) used, the clean-up step after adapter ligation is designed to either enrich for DNA fragments of >3 kb, or purify all fragments equally.	
To enrich for DNA fragments of 3 kb or longer, use Long Fragment Buffer (LFB)	
To retain DNA fragments of all sizes, use Short Fragment Buffer (SFB)	
Thaw either Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) or Short Fragment Buffer (SFB) at RT and mix by vortexing. Then spin down and place on ice.	



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INSTRUCTIONS	NUTES/OBSERVATIONS
In a 1.5 ml Eppendorf LoBind tube, mix in the following order: 30 µl Pooled barcoded sample 5 µl Native Adapter (NA) 10 µl NEBNext Quick Ligation Reaction Buffer (5X) 5 µl Quick T4 DNA Ligase	
Thoroughly mix the reaction by gently pipetting and briefly spinning down.	
□ Incubate the reaction for 20 minutes at RT.	
IMPORTANT	
The next clean-up step uses Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) or Short Fragment Buffer (SFB) rather than 80% ethanol to wash the beads. The use of ethanol will be detrimental to the sequencing reaction.	
Resuspend the AMPure XP Beads (AXP) by vortexing.	
$\hfill \hfill $	
Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 10 minutes at RT.	
Spin down the sample and pellet on the magnetic rack. Keep the tube on the magnet and pipette off the supernatant.	
Wash the beads by adding either 125 µl Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) or Short Fragment Buffer (SFB). Flick the beads to resuspend, spin down, then return the tube to the magnetic rack and allow the beads to pellet. Remove the supernatant using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual supernatant.	
$\hfill \square$ Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend pellet in 15 μl Elution Buffer (EB).	
Spin down and incubate for 10 minutes at 37°C. Every 2 minutes, agitate the sample by gently flicking for 10 seconds to encourage DNA elution.	
Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless, for at least 1 minute.	
Remove and retain 15 μl of eluate containing the DNA library into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Quantify 1 µl of eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.	
\Box Prepare 35-50 fmol of your final library to 12 μl with Elution Buffer (EB).	
IMPORTANT	
We recommend loading 35-50 fmol of this final prepared library onto the R10.4.1 flow cell.	
The prepared library is used for loading onto the flow cell. Store the library on ice until ready to load.	



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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Priming and loading the SpotON flow cell	
IMPORTANT	
Please note, this kit is only compatible with R10.4.1 flow cells (FLO-MIN114).	
Thaw the Sequencing Buffer (SB), Library Beads (LIB) or Library Solution (LIS, if using), Flow Cell Tether (FCT) and Flow Cell Flush (FCF) at RT before mixing by vortexing. Then spin down and store on ice.	
IMPORTANT	
For optimal sequencing performance and improved output on MinION R10.4.1 flow cells (FLO-MIN114), we recommend adding Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) to the flow cell priming mix at a final concentration of 0.2 mg/ml.	
To prepare the flow cell priming mix with BSA, combine Flow Cell Flush (FCF) and Flow Cell Tether (FCT), as directed below. Mix by pipetting at RT.	
□ 1,170 μl Flow Cell Flush (FCF)	
5 µl Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) at 50 mg/ml	
□ 30 µl Flow Cell Tether (FCT)	
Open the MinION or GridION device lid and slide the flow cell under the clip. Press down firmly on the flow cell to ensure correct thermal and electrical contact.	
Slide the flow cell priming port cover clockwise to open the priming port.	
IMPORTANT	
Take care when drawing back buffer from the flow cell. Do not remove more than 20-30 µl, and make sure that the array of pores are covered by buffer at all times. Introducing air bubbles into the array can irreversibly damage pores.	
After opening the priming port, check for a small air bubble under the cover. Draw back a small volume to remove any bubbles:	
□ Set a P1000 pipette to 200 µl	
□ Insert the tip into the priming port	
☐ Turn the wheel until the dial shows 220-230 µl, to draw back 20-30 µl, or until you can see a small volume of buffer entering the pipette tip	
Note: Visually check that there is continuous buffer from the priming port across the sensor array.	
Load 800 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell via the priming port, avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. Wait for five minutes. During this time, prepare the library for loading by following the steps below.	
☐ Thoroughly mix the contents of the Library Beads (LIB) by pipetting.	
IMPORTANT	
The Library Beads (LIB) tube contains a suspension of beads. These beads settle very quickly. It is vital that they are mixed immediately before use.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
In a new 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube, prepare the library for loading as follows: 37.5 µl Sequencing Buffer (SB) 25.5 µl Library Beads (LIB) mixed immediately before use, or Library Solution (LIS), if using 12 µl DNA library	
 Complete the flow cell priming: Gently lift the SpotON sample port cover to make the SpotON sample port accessible. Load 200 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell priming port (not the SpotON sample port), avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. 	
Mix the prepared library gently by pipetting up and down just prior to loading.	
Add 75 µl of the prepared library to the flow cell via the SpotON sample port in a dropwise fashion. Ensure each drop flows into the port before adding the next.	
Gently replace the SpotON sample port cover, making sure the bung enters the SpotON port and close the priming port.	
IMPORTANT	
Install the light shield on your flow cell as soon as library has been loaded for optimal sequencing output.	
 Place the light shield onto the flow cell, as follows: Carefully place the leading edge of the light shield against the clip. Note: Do not force the light shield underneath the clip. 	
Gently lower the light shield onto the flow cell. The light shield should sit around the SpotON cover, covering the entire top section of the flow cell.	
Close the device lid and set up a sequencing run on MinKNOW.	
Flow cell reuse and returns	
After your sequencing experiment is complete, if you would like to reuse the flow cell, please follow the Flow Cell Wash Kit protocol and store the washed flow cell at 2-8°C.	
Alternatively, follow the returns procedure to flush out the flow cell ready to send back to Oxford Nanopore.	
IMPORTANT	
If you encounter issues or have questions about your sequencing experiment, please refer to the Troubleshooting Guide that can be found in the online version of this protocol.	