

Ligation sequencing DNA V14 - dual barcoding (SQK-NBD114.24 with EXP-PBC096)

Version: DBC_9184_v114_revH_22Mar2023
Last update: 07/03/2024



Flow Cell Number:

DNA Samples:

Before start checklist

Materials

- <100–200 fmol of each DNA sample to be barcoded in 45 µl
- OR <100–200 fmol first-round PCR product (with tailed primers) per sample
- PCR Barcoding Expansion 1-96 (EXP-PBC096)
- Native Barcoding Kit 24 V14 (SQK-NBD114.24)

Consumables

- NEBNext Ultra II End repair/dA-tailing Module (NEB, E7546)
- NEBNext Quick Ligation Module (NEB, E6056)
- NEB Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix (NEB, M0367)
- 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tubes
- 0.2 ml thin-walled PCR tubes or 0.2 ml 96-well PCR plate
- Freshly prepared 80% ethanol in nuclease-free water
- Agencourt AMPure XP beads (Beckman Coulter™ cat # A63881)
- Nuclease-free water (e.g. ThermoFisher, AM9937)
- LongAmp Taq 2X Master Mix (e.g. NEB, cat # M0287)
- Qubit™ Assay Tubes (Invitrogen, Q32856)
- Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit (Invitrogen, Q32851)
- Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) (50 mg/ml) (e.g. Invitrogen™ UltraPure™ BSA 50 mg/ml,

Equipment

- Hula mixer (gentle rotator mixer)
- Microfuge
- Microplate centrifuge, e.g. Fisherbrand™ Mini Plate Spinner Centrifuge (Fisher Scientific, 11766427)
- Vortex mixer
- Thermal cycler
- Magnetic rack
- Ice bucket with ice
- Timer
- Qubit fluorometer (or equivalent for QC check)
- Pipettes and pipette tips P2, P10, P20, P100, P200, P1000, Multichannel

AM2616)

INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
End-prep	
<p>Prepare the NEBNext Ultra II End Repair / dA-tailing Module reagents in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and place on ice:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><input type="checkbox"/> Thaw all reagents on ice.<input type="checkbox"/> Flick and/or invert the reagent tubes to ensure they are well mixed. Note: Do not vortex the Ultra II End Prep Enzyme Mix.<input type="checkbox"/> Always spin down tubes before opening for the first time each day.<input type="checkbox"/> The Ultra II End Prep Buffer may have a little precipitate. Allow the mixture to come to RT and pipette the buffer up and down several times to break up the precipitate, followed by vortexing the tube for 30 seconds to solubilise any precipitate.	

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<p>Prepare the DNA in Nuclease-free water.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Transfer <100-200 fmol DNA of each sample into a fresh 0.2 ml PCR tube or plate <input type="checkbox"/> Adjust the volume to 45 µl with Nuclease-free water <input type="checkbox"/> Mix thoroughly by flicking the tube to avoid unwanted shearing <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down briefly in a microfuge <p>Set up the end-repair reaction as follows for each library:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 45 µl <100-200 fmol DNA <input type="checkbox"/> 7 µl Ultra II End-prep reaction buffer <input type="checkbox"/> 3 µl Ultra II End-prep enzyme mix <input type="checkbox"/> 5 µl Nuclease-free water <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Mix by pipetting and briefly spin down. <input type="checkbox"/> Using a thermal cycler, incubate for 5 minutes at 20 °C and 5 minutes at 65 °C. <input type="checkbox"/> Resuspend the AMPure XP beads by vortexing. <input type="checkbox"/> Add 60 µl of resuspended AMPure XP beads to the end-prep reaction and mix by pipetting. <input type="checkbox"/> Incubate at RT for 5 minutes. <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare sufficient fresh 80% ethanol in Nuclease-free water for all of your samples. Allow enough for 400 µl per sample, with some excess. <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down the samples and pellet on a magnet until supernatant is clear and colourless. Keep the samples on the magnet, and pipette off the supernatant. <input type="checkbox"/> Keep the samples on the magnet and wash the beads with 200 µl of freshly prepared 80% ethanol without disturbing the pellet. Remove the ethanol using a pipette and discard. <input type="checkbox"/> Repeat the previous step. <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down and place the samples back on the magnetic rack. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Allow the pellet to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking. <input type="checkbox"/> Remove the samples from the magnet and resuspend each pellet in 16 µl Nuclease-free water. Incubate for 2 minutes at RT. <input type="checkbox"/> Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless. <input type="checkbox"/> Remove eluate once it is clear and colourless. Transfer each eluted sample to a new tube or plate well. <input type="checkbox"/> Quantify 1 µl of end-prepped DNA using a Qubit fluorometer - recovery aim <100–200 fmol. 	
<p>Take forward each end-prepped DNA sample in 15 µl Nuclease-free water into adapter ligation. However, at this point, it is also possible to store the sample at 4°C overnight.</p>	

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<p>Ligation of Barcode Adapter</p> <p>Prepare the NEB Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix according to the manufacturer's instructions, and place on ice:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Thaw the reagents at RT. <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down the reagent tubes for 5 seconds. <input type="checkbox"/> Ensure the reagents are fully mixed by performing 10 full volume pipette mixes. <p><input type="checkbox"/> Spin down the Barcode Adapter (BCA), pipette mix and place on ice.</p> <p>Add the reagents in the order given below, into fresh 0.2 ml PCR tubes or 96-well plate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 15 µl End-prepped DNA <input type="checkbox"/> 10 µl Barcode Adapter <input type="checkbox"/> 25 µl Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Mix by pipetting and briefly spin down. <input type="checkbox"/> Incubate the samples for 10 minutes at RT. <input type="checkbox"/> Resuspend the AMPure XP beads by vortexing. <input type="checkbox"/> Add 20 µl of resuspended AMPure XP beads to each sample for a 0.4X clean and mix by pipetting up and down ten times. <input type="checkbox"/> Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at RT. <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare sufficient fresh 80% ethanol in Nuclease-free water for all of your samples. Allow enough for 400 µl per sample, with some excess. <input type="checkbox"/> Place on a magnetic rack, allow beads to pellet and pipette off supernatant. <input type="checkbox"/> Keep the samples on the magnet and wash the beads with 200 µl of freshly prepared 80% ethanol without disturbing the pellet. Remove the ethanol using a pipette and discard. <input type="checkbox"/> Repeat the previous step. <input type="checkbox"/> Place the samples back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual 80% ethanol. Allow to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking. <input type="checkbox"/> Remove the samples from the magnet and resuspend pellet in 25 µl Nuclease-free water. Incubate for 2 minutes at RT. <input type="checkbox"/> Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless. <p>Remove and retain the eluate once it is clear and colourless. Transfer each eluted sample to a fresh 0.2 ml PCR tube or plate.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Dispose of the pelleted beads. <input type="checkbox"/> Quantify 1 µl of the adapter ligated DNA using a Qubit fluorometer. 	
<p>Take forward the adapter ligated samples into the Barcoding PCR step. However, at this point it is also possible to store the sample at 4°C overnight.</p>	

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<p>Barcoding PCR</p> <p>Please note, this protocol is written for a template input of 100–200 fmol with PCR Barcodes (BC01-96) used at a final concentration of 0.2 μM. However, the input mass and the number of PCR cycles may be adjusted as appropriate depending on the requirements of the experiment.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Thaw the PCR Barcodes (BC01-96) required for your number of samples at RT. Individually mix the barcodes by pipetting, spin down, and place on ice.</p>	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> If using amplicon samples, ensure the samples have undergone a round of PCR with tailed primers before commencing with the protocol.</p>	
<p>Prepare the samples in Nuclease-free water:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Transfer 100-200 fmol of each sample to a clear 0.2 ml PCR tube or plate</p> <p>For 1–12 samples: Adjust the volume to 48 μl with Nuclease-free water For 13–96 samples: Adjust the volume to 24 μl with Nuclease-free water</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> For 1–12 samples: Adjust the volume to 48 μl with Nuclease-free water <input type="checkbox"/> For 13–96 samples: Adjust the volume to 24 μl with Nuclease-free water <input type="checkbox"/> Mix thoroughly by flicking the tube or plate to avoid unwanted shearing <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down briefly in a microfuge</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Select a unique barcode for each sample to be processed in the PCR barcoded pool.</p> <p>Set up a barcoding PCR reaction as follows for each library in fresh 0.2 ml PCR tubes or a 0.2 ml 96-well PCR plate.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> PCR Barcode (one of BC1-BC96, at 10 μM) - Volume per sample for using 1–12 barcodes: 2 μl - Volume per sample for using 13 barcodes or more: 1 μl</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adapter-ligated DNA - Volume per sample for using 1–12 barcodes: 48 μl - Volume per sample for using 13 barcodes or more: 24 μl</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> LongAmp Taq 2x master mix - Volume per sample for using 1–12 barcodes: 50 μl - Volume per sample for using 13 barcodes or more: 25 μl</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Mix by pipetting and briefly spin down.</p> <p>Amplify using the following cycling conditions:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Initial denaturation 3 mins @ 95 °C (1 cycle) <input type="checkbox"/> Denaturation 15 secs @ 95 °C (12-15 (b) cycles) <input type="checkbox"/> Annealing 15 secs (a) @ 62 °C (a) (12-15 (b) cycles) <input type="checkbox"/> Extension dependent on length of target fragment (d) @ 65 °C (c) (12-15 (b) cycles) <input type="checkbox"/> Final extension dependent on length of target fragment (d) @ 65 °C (1 cycle) <input type="checkbox"/> Hold @ 4 °C</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Resuspend the AMPure XP beads by vortexing.</p>	

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<p>Add 0.4X volume of resuspended AMPure XP Beads to each reaction and mix by flicking the tube.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> AMPure XP Beads <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Volume for 100 µl samples: 40 µl - Volume for 50 µl samples: 20 µl <input type="checkbox"/> Incubate at RT for 5 minutes. <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare sufficient fresh 80% ethanol in Nuclease-free water for all of your samples. Allow enough for 400 µl per sample, with some excess. <input type="checkbox"/> Place samples on a magnetic rack, allow beads to pellet and pipette off supernatant. <input type="checkbox"/> Keep the samples on the magnet and wash the beads with 200 µl of freshly prepared 80% ethanol without disturbing the pellets. Remove the ethanol using a pipette and discard. <input type="checkbox"/> Repeat the previous step. <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down and place the samples back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Allow to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellets to the point of cracking. <input type="checkbox"/> Remove the samples from the magnetic rack and resuspend each pellet in 10 µl Nuclease-free water. Incubate for 2 minutes at RT. <input type="checkbox"/> Pellet the beads on a magnetic rack until the eluate is clear and colourless. <p>Remove and retain 10 µl of each eluate into clean 0.2 ml PCR tubes or a clean PCR plate.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Dispose of the pelleted beads <input type="checkbox"/> Quantify the PCR barcoded samples using a Qubit fluorometer and pool all barcoded samples in the desired ratios into a 1.5 ml DNA LoBind Eppendorf tube for each PCR barcoded sample pool. 	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Each PCR barcoded sample pool should contain 1–96 unique barcodes. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare each pooled PCR barcoded sample pool to 200 fmol (130 ng for 1 kb amplicons) in separate tubes and make the volume up to 12.5 µl Nuclease-free water. 	
<p>The pooled barcoded libraries are now ready to be end-prepped and undergo secondary barcoding. However, at this point it is also possible to store the libraries at 4°C overnight.</p>	
<p>End-prep</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Thaw the AMPure XP Beads (AXP) at RT and mix by vortexing. Keep the beads at RT until use. <p>Prepare the NEBNext Ultra II End Repair / dA-tailing Module reagents in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and place on ice:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Thaw all reagents on ice. <input type="checkbox"/> Flick and/or invert the reagent tubes to ensure they are well mixed. Note: Do not vortex the Ultra II End Prep Enzyme Mix. <input type="checkbox"/> Always spin down tubes before opening for the first time each day. <input type="checkbox"/> The Ultra II End Prep Buffer may have a little precipitate. Allow the mixture to come to RT and pipette the buffer up and down several times to break up the precipitate, followed by vortexing the tube for 30 seconds to solubilise any precipitate. 	

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<p>IMPORTANT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Do not vortex the NEBNext Ultra II End Prep Enzyme Mix.</p>	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> It is important that the NEBNext Ultra II End Prep Reaction Buffer is mixed well by vortexing.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> In clean 0.2 ml thin-walled PCR tubes (or a clean 96-well plate), prepare 200 fmol (130 ng for 1 kb amplicons) of each PCR barcoded sample pool.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Make up each PCR barcoded sample pool to 12.5 µl using Nuclease-free water. Mix gently by pipetting and spin down.</p> <p>Combine the following components per tube/well:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 12.5 µl PCR barcoded sample pool <input type="checkbox"/> 1.75 µl Ultra II End-prep Reaction Buffer <input type="checkbox"/> 0.75 µl Ultra II End-prep Enzyme Mix <p><input type="checkbox"/> Ensure the components are thoroughly mixed by pipetting and spin down in a centrifuge.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Using a thermal cycler, incubate at 20°C for 5 minutes and 65°C for 5 minutes.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Transfer each PCR barcoded sample pool into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Resuspend the AMPure XP beads (AXP) by vortexing.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Add 15 µl of resuspended AMPure XP Beads (AXP) to each end-prep reaction and mix by flicking the tube.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at RT.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Prepare sufficient fresh 80% ethanol in Nuclease-free water for all of your samples. Allow enough for 400 µl per PCR barcoded sample pool, with some excess.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Spin down the samples and pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless. Keep the tubes on the magnet and pipette off the supernatant.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Keep the tubes on the magnet and wash the beads with 200 µl of freshly prepared 80% ethanol without disturbing the pellet. Remove the ethanol using a pipette and discard.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Repeat the previous step.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Briefly spin down and place the tubes back on the magnet for the beads to pellet. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Allow to dry for 30 seconds, but do not dry the pellets to the point of cracking.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Remove the tubes from the magnetic rack and resuspend the pellet in 10 µl Nuclease-free water. Spin down and incubate for 2 minutes at RT.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless.</p> <p>Remove and retain 10 µl of eluate into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Dispose of the pelleted beads</p>	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Quantify 1 µl of each eluted end-prepped PCR barcoded sample pool using a Qubit fluorometer.	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <input type="checkbox"/> You will have up to 24 separate end-prepped PCR barcoded sample pools to take forward into secondary barcoding via native barcode ligation.	
Take forward an equimolar mass of each of the end-prepped PCR barcoded sample pools to undergo secondary barcoding in the native barcode ligation step. However, at this point it is also possible to store the PCR barcoded sample pools at 4°C overnight.	
<p>Native barcode ligation</p>	
<p>Prepare the NEB Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix according to the manufacturer's instructions, and place on ice:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Thaw the reagents at RT. <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down the reagent tubes for 5 seconds. <input type="checkbox"/> Ensure the reagents are fully mixed by performing 10 full volume pipette mixes. <p><input type="checkbox"/> Thaw the EDTA at RT and mix by vortexing. Then spin down and place on ice.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Thaw the Native Barcodes (NB01-24) required for your number of PCR barcoded sample pools at RT. Individually mix the barcodes by pipetting, spin down, and place them on ice.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Select a unique barcode for each PCR barcoded sample pool to be run together on the same flow cell. Up to 24 PCR barcoded sample pools can be barcoded and combined in one experiment.</p> <p>In clean 0.2 ml PCR-tubes or a 96-well plate, add the reagents in the following order per well:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 7.5 µl End-prepped DNA (PCR barcoded sample pools) <input type="checkbox"/> 2.5 µl Native Barcode (NB01-24) <input type="checkbox"/> 10 µl Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix <p><input type="checkbox"/> Thoroughly mix the reaction by gently pipetting and briefly spinning down.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Incubate for 20 minutes at RT.</p> <p>Add the following volume of EDTA to each well and mix thoroughly by pipetting and spin down briefly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 2 µl For clear cap EDTA <input type="checkbox"/> 4 µl For blue cap EDTA <p><input type="checkbox"/> Pool all the native barcoded sample pools in a 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Resuspend the AMPure XP Beads (AXP) by vortexing.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Add 0.4X AMPure XP Beads (AXP) to the pooled reaction, and mix by pipetting.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 10 minutes at RT.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Prepare 2 ml of fresh 80% ethanol in Nuclease-free water.</p>	

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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down the sample and pellet on a magnet for 5 minutes. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack until the eluate is clear and colourless, and pipette off the supernatant. <input type="checkbox"/> Keep the tube on the magnetic rack and wash the beads with 700 µl of freshly prepared 80% ethanol without disturbing the pellet. Remove the ethanol using a pipette and discard. <input type="checkbox"/> Repeat the previous step. <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down and place the tube back on the magnetic rack. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Allow the pellet to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking. <input type="checkbox"/> Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend the pellet in 35 µl Nuclease-free water by gently flicking. <input type="checkbox"/> Incubate for 10 minutes at 37°C. Every 2 minutes, agitate the sample by gently flicking for 10 seconds to encourage DNA elution. <input type="checkbox"/> Pellet the beads on a magnetic rack until the eluate is clear and colourless. <input type="checkbox"/> Remove and retain 35 µl of eluate into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube. 	
<p>Quantify 1 µl of eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.</p>	
<p>Take forward the dual barcoded DNA library to the adapter ligation and clean-up step. However, at this point it is also possible to store the library at 4°C overnight.</p>	
<p>Adapter ligation and clean-up</p>	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> The Native Adapter (NA) used in this kit and protocol is not interchangeable with other sequencing adapters. 	
<p>Prepare the NEBNext Quick Ligation Reaction Module according to the manufacturer's instructions, and place on ice:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Thaw the reagents at RT. <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down the reagent tubes for 5 seconds. <input type="checkbox"/> Ensure the reagents are fully mixed by performing 10 full volume pipette mixes. Note: Do NOT vortex the Quick T4 DNA Ligase. 	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Do not vortex the Quick T4 DNA Ligase. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down the Native Adapter (NA) and Quick T4 DNA Ligase, pipette mix and place on ice. <input type="checkbox"/> Thaw the Elution Buffer (EB) at RT and mix by vortexing. Then spin down and place on ice. 	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <p>Depending on the wash buffer (LFB or SFB) used, the clean-up step after adapter ligation is designed to either enrich for DNA fragments of >3 kb, or purify all fragments equally.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> To enrich for DNA fragments of 3 kb or longer, use Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) <input type="checkbox"/> To retain DNA fragments of all sizes, use Short Fragment Buffer (SFB) 	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
<p><input type="checkbox"/> Thaw either Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) or Short Fragment Buffer (SFB) at RT and mix by vortexing. Then spin down and place on ice.</p> <p>In a 1.5 ml Eppendorf LoBind tube, mix in the following order:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 30 µl Pooled barcoded libraries <input type="checkbox"/> 5 µl Native Adapter (NA) <input type="checkbox"/> 10 µl NEBNext Quick Ligation Reaction Buffer (5X) <input type="checkbox"/> 5 µl Quick T4 DNA Ligase <p><input type="checkbox"/> Thoroughly mix the reaction by gently pipetting and briefly spinning down.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Incubate the reaction for 20 minutes at RT.</p>	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The next clean-up step uses Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) or Short Fragment Buffer (SFB) rather than 80% ethanol to wash the beads. The use of ethanol will be detrimental to the sequencing reaction.</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Resuspend the AMPure XP Beads (AXP) by vortexing. <input type="checkbox"/> Add 20 µl of resuspended AMPure XP Beads (AXP) to the reaction and mix by pipetting. <input type="checkbox"/> Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 10 minutes at RT. <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down the sample and pellet on the magnetic rack. Keep the tube on the magnet and pipette off the supernatant. <input type="checkbox"/> Wash the beads by adding either 125 µl Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) or Short Fragment Buffer (SFB). Flick the beads to resuspend, spin down, then return the tube to the magnetic rack and allow the beads to pellet. Remove the supernatant using a pipette and discard. <input type="checkbox"/> Repeat the previous step. <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual supernatant. <input type="checkbox"/> Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend pellet in 15 µl Elution Buffer (EB). <input type="checkbox"/> Spin down and incubate for 10 minutes at 37°C. Every 2 minutes, agitate the sample by gently flicking for 10 seconds to encourage DNA elution. <input type="checkbox"/> Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless, for at least 1 minute. <input type="checkbox"/> Remove and retain 15 µl of eluate containing the DNA library into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube. 	
<p>Quantify 1 µl of eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.</p>	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> Prepare 35-50 fmol of your final library to 12 µl with Elution Buffer (EB).</p>	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> We recommend loading 35-50 fmol of this final prepared library onto the R10.4.1 flow cell.</p>	
<p>The prepared library is used for loading onto the flow cell. Store the library on ice until ready to load.</p>	

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<p>Priming and loading the SpotON flow cell</p>	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Please note, this kit is only compatible with R10.4.1 flow cells (FLO-MIN114).</p>	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> Thaw the Sequencing Buffer (SB), Library Beads (LIB) or Library Solution (LIS, if using), Flow Cell Tether (FCT) and Flow Cell Flush (FCF) at RT before mixing by vortexing. Then spin down and store on ice.</p>	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> For optimal sequencing performance and improved output on MinION R10.4.1 flow cells (FLO-MIN114), we recommend adding Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) to the flow cell priming mix at a final concentration of 0.2 mg/ml.</p>	
<p>To prepare the flow cell priming mix with BSA, combine Flow Cell Flush (FCF) and Flow Cell Tether (FCT), as directed below. Mix by pipetting at RT.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 1,170 µl Flow Cell Flush (FCF) <input type="checkbox"/> 5 µl Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) at 50 mg/ml <input type="checkbox"/> 30 µl Flow Cell Tether (FCT) <p><input type="checkbox"/> Open the MinION or GridION device lid and slide the flow cell under the clip. Press down firmly on the flow cell to ensure correct thermal and electrical contact.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Slide the flow cell priming port cover clockwise to open the priming port.</p>	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Take care when drawing back buffer from the flow cell. Do not remove more than 20-30 µl, and make sure that the array of pores are covered by buffer at all times. Introducing air bubbles into the array can irreversibly damage pores.</p>	
<p>After opening the priming port, check for a small air bubble under the cover. Draw back a small volume to remove any bubbles:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Set a P1000 pipette to 200 µl <input type="checkbox"/> Insert the tip into the priming port <input type="checkbox"/> Turn the wheel until the dial shows 220-230 µl, to draw back 20-30 µl, or until you can see a small volume of buffer entering the pipette tip <p>Note: Visually check that there is continuous buffer from the priming port across the sensor array.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Load 800 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell via the priming port, avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. Wait for five minutes. During this time, prepare the library for loading by following the steps below.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Thoroughly mix the contents of the Library Beads (LIB) by pipetting.</p>	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> The Library Beads (LIB) tube contains a suspension of beads. These beads settle very quickly. It is vital that they are mixed immediately before use.</p>	

Ligation sequencing DNA V14 - dual barcoding (SQK-NBD114.24 with EXP-PBC096)

Version: DBC_9184_v114_revH_22Mar2023
 Last update: 07/03/2024

Flow Cell Number:

DNA Samples:

INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
<p>In a new 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube, prepare the library for loading as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 37.5 µl Sequencing Buffer (SB) <input type="checkbox"/> 25.5 µl Library Beads (LIB) mixed immediately before use, or Library Solution (LIS), if using <input type="checkbox"/> 12 µl DNA library <p>Complete the flow cell priming:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Gently lift the SpotON sample port cover to make the SpotON sample port accessible. <input type="checkbox"/> Load 200 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell priming port (not the SpotON sample port), avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. <input type="checkbox"/> Mix the prepared library gently by pipetting up and down just prior to loading. <input type="checkbox"/> Add 75 µl of the prepared library to the flow cell via the SpotON sample port in a dropwise fashion. Ensure each drop flows into the port before adding the next. <input type="checkbox"/> Gently replace the SpotON sample port cover, making sure the bung enters the SpotON port and close the priming port. 	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Install the light shield on your flow cell as soon as library has been loaded for optimal sequencing output. 	
<p>Place the light shield onto the flow cell, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Carefully place the leading edge of the light shield against the clip. Note: Do not force the light shield underneath the clip. <input type="checkbox"/> Gently lower the light shield onto the flow cell. The light shield should sit around the SpotON cover, covering the entire top section of the flow cell. 	
<p>Close the device lid and set up a sequencing run on MinKNOW.</p>	
<p>Flow cell reuse and returns</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> After your sequencing experiment is complete, if you would like to reuse the flow cell, please follow the Flow Cell Wash Kit protocol and store the washed flow cell at 2-8°C. <input type="checkbox"/> Alternatively, follow the returns procedure to flush out the flow cell ready to send back to Oxford Nanopore. 	
<p>IMPORTANT</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> If you encounter issues or have questions about your sequencing experiment, please refer to the Troubleshooting Guide that can be found in the online version of this protocol. 	