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Flow Cell Number:	DNA Samples:	
Before start checklist		
Materials	Consumables	Equipment
Multiplex Ligation Sequencing Kit XL (SQK-MLK111.96-XL)	NEB Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix (NEB, M0367)	Hula mixer (gentle rotator mixer)
☐ 1000 ng gDNA per sample	NEBNext® Quick Ligation Reaction Buffer (NEB, B6058)	Microfuge
	NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix (NEB, M6630)	Magnetic rack
	NEBNext Ultra II End repair/dA-tailing Module (NEB, E7546)	☐ Vortex mixer
	NEBNext Quick Ligation Module (NEB, E6056)	☐ Thermal cycler
	1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tubes	lce bucket with ice
	0.2 ml thin-walled PCR tubes	☐ Timer
	Qubit™ Assay Tubes (Invitrogen, Q32856)	Qubit fluorometer (or equivalent)
	Nuclease-free water (e.g. ThermoFisher, AM9937)	Pipettes and pipette tips P2, P10, P20, P100, P200, P1000
	Freshly prepared 70% ethanol in nuclease-free water	
	Agencourt AMPure XP beads (Beckman Coulter™ cat # A63881)	
	Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit (Invitrogen, Q32851)	
INSTRUCTIONS		NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
DNA repair and end-prep		
Prepare the NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix and I accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and Thaw all reagents on ice. Flick and/or invert the reagent tubes to ensurate to be not vortex the FFPE DNA Repair Manual Always spin down tubes before opening for	ure they are well mixed. Iix or Ultra II End Prep Enzyme Mix.	nts in
☐ The Ultra II End Prep Buffer and FFPE DNA	Repair Buffer may have a little precipitate. Allow the mi own several times to break up the precipitate, followed se any precipitate.	

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☐ The FFPE DNA Repair Buffer may have a yellow tinge and is fine to use if yellow.

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
IMPORTANT	
☐ Do not vortex the NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix or NEBNext Ultra II End Prep Enzyme Mix.	
☐ In clean 0.2 ml thin-walled PCR tubes, aliquot 1000 ng per sample.	
$\hfill \square$ Make up each sample to 12 μ l using Nuclease-free water. Mix gently by pipetting and spin down.	
Combine the following components per sample: 0.875 0.875 Ultra II End-prep reaction buffer 0.75 Ultra II End-prep enzyme mix 0.50 NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix	
☐ Mix well by pipetting and spin down in a centrifuge.	
☐ Using a thermal cycler, incubate at 20°C for 5 minutes and 65°C for 5 minutes.	
☐ Transfer each sample to clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Resuspend the Agencourt AMPure XP beads by vortexing.	
$\hfill \Box$ Add 15 μl of resuspended Agencourt AMPure XP beads to each end-prep reaction and mix by flicking the tube.	
☐ Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at RT.	
☐ Prepare 500 µl of fresh 70% ethanol in Nuclease-free water.	
☐ Spin down the samples and pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless. Keep the tubes on the magnet and pipette off the supernatant.	
☐ Keep the tube on the magnet and wash the beads with 200 µl of freshly prepared 70% ethanol without disturbing the pellet. Remove the ethanol using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
☐ Briefly spin down and place the tubes back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Allow to dry for 30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking.	
Remove the tubes from the magnetic rack and resuspend the pellet in 10 μl Nuclease-free water. Spin down and incubate for 2 minutes at RT.	
Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless.	
Remove and retain 10 μl of eluate for each sample into clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tubes, individually.	
Quantify 1 µl of each eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.	
Take forward an equimolar mass of each sample to be barcoded forward into the native barcode ligation step. However, you may store the samples at 4°C overnight.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Native barcode ligation	
Prepare third party reagents in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and place on ice:	
☐ Thaw the native barcodes at RT. Use one barcode per sample. Individually mix the barcodes by pipetting, spin down, and place them on ice.	
☐ Select two unique barcodes for each pair of samples to be run together.	
In clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tubes, add the reagents in the following order per sample: 7.5 7.5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	
\square Thoroughly mix the reaction by gently pipetting and briefly spinning down.	
☐ Incubate for 20 minutes at RT.	
$\hfill \square$ Add 2 μI of EDTA to each tube and mix thoroughly by pipetting and spin down briefly.	
Pool the barcoded samples in a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Resuspend the Agencourt AMPure XP beads by vortexing.	
$\hfill \square$ Add 16 μI of Agencourt AMPure XP beads to the pooled reaction, and mix by pipetting.	
☐ Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 10 minutes at RT.	
Prepare 500 μl of fresh 70% ethanol in Nuclease-free water.	
Spin down the sample and pellet on a magnet for 5 minutes. Keep the tube on the magnetic rack until the eluate is clear and colourless, and pipette off the supernatant.	
☐ Keep the tube on the magentic rack and wash the beads with 200 µl of freshly prepared 70% ethanol without disturbing the pellet. Remove the ethanol using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
Spin down and place the tube back on the magnetic rack. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Allow the pellet to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking.	
Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend the pellet in 35 μl Nuclease-free water by gently flicking.	
☐ Incubate for 10 minutes at 37°C. Every 2 minutes, agitate the sample by gently flicking for 10 seconds to encourage DNA elution.	
Pellet the beads on a magnetic rack until the eluate is clear and colourless.	
Remove and retain 35 µl of eluate into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
Quantify 1 µl of eluted sample using a Qubit fluorometer.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Take forward the barcoded DNA library to the adapter ligation and clean-up step. However, you may store the sample at 4°C overnight.	
Adapter ligation and clean-up	
☐ Thaw the Elution Buffer (EB) and NEBNext Quick Ligation Reaction Buffer (5x) at RT, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice. Check the contents of each tube are clear of any precipitate.	
☐ Spin down the Quick T4 Ligase and the Adapter Mix II T (AMII T), and place on ice.	
☐ To enrich for DNA fragments of 3 kb or longer, thaw one tube of Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) at RT, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice.	
In a 1.5 ml Eppendorf LoBind tube, mix in the following order: 30 µl Pooled barcoded sample 5 µl Adapter Mix II T (AMII T) 10 µl NEBNext Quick Ligation Reaction Buffer (5X) 5 µl Quick T4 DNA Ligase	
☐ Ensure the components are thoroughly mixed by pipetting, and spin down.	
☐ Incubate the reaction for 10 minutes at RT.	
IMPORTANT	
☐ The next clean-up step uses Long Fragment Buffer (LFB) rather than 70% ethanol to wash the beads. The use of ethanol will be detrimental to the sequencing reaction.	
Resuspend the Agencourt AMPure XP beads by vortexing.	
Add 20 μl of resuspended Agencourt AMPure XP beads to the reaction and mix by pipetting.	
☐ Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 10 minutes at RT.	
Spin down the sample and pellet on the magnetic rack. Keep the tube on the magnet and pipette off the supernatant.	
Wash the beads by adding 125 μl Long Fragment Buffer (LFB). Flick the beads to resuspend, spin down, then return the tube to the magnetic rack and allow the beads to pellet. Remove the supernatant using a pipette and discard.	
Repeat the previous step.	
Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual supernatant. Allow to dry for ~30 seconds, but do not dry the pellet to the point of cracking.	
Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend the pellet in 30 μl Elution Buffer (EB).	
Spin down and incubate for 10 minutes at 37°C. Every 2 minutes, agitate the sample by gently flicking for 10 seconds to encourage DNA elution.	
Pellet the beads on a magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless, for at least 1 minute.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Remove and retain 30 μl of eluate containing the DNA library into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube.	
IMPORTANT	
☐ We recommend loading >10 fmols of this final prepared library onto the flow cell for R9.4.1 flow cells.	
The prepared library is used for loading into the flow cell. Store the library on ice or at 4°C until ready to load.	
Priming and loading multiple flow cells on a PromethION	
Using the Loading Solution	
☐ Thaw the Sequencing Buffer II (SBII), Loading Beads II (LBII), Flush Tether (FLT) and on tube of Flush Buffer (FB) at RT before mixing the reagents by vortexing and spin down at RT.	
IMPORTANT	
Scale up reagent volumes as needed.	
Prepare the flow cell priming mix in a suitable vial for the number of flow cells to flush. Once combined, mix well by briefly vortexing. 30 1,170 Flush Buffer (FB)	
IMPORTANT ☐ After taking flow cells out of the fridge, wait 20 minutes before inserting the flow cell into the PromethION for the flow cell to come to RT. Condensation can form on the flow cell in humid environments. Inspect the gold connector pins on the top and underside of the flow cell for condensation and wipe off with a lint-free wipe if any is observed. Ensure the heat pad (black pad) is present on the underside of the flow cell.	
For PromethION 2 Solo, load the flow cell(s) as follows: Place the flow cell flat on the metal plate. Slide the flow cell into the docking port until the gold pins or green board cannot be seen. For the PromethION 24/48, load the flow cell(s) into the docking ports:	
☐ Line up the flow cell with the connector horizontally and vertically before smoothly inserting into position. ☐ Press down firmly onto the flow cell and ensure the latch engages and clicks into place.	
IMPORTANT Insertion of the flow cells at the wrong angle can cause damage to the pins on the PromethION and affect your sequencing results. If you find the pins on a PromethION position are damaged, please contact support@nanoporetech.com for assistance.	
☐ If not already completed, perform a flow cell check on all flow cells.	
☐ Slide the inlet port cover clockwise to open.	

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INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
IMPORTANT	
Take care when drawing back buffer from the flow cell. Do not remove more than 20-30 μl, and make sure that the array of pores are covered by buffer at all times. Introducing air bubbles into the array can irreversibly damage pores.	
After opening the inlet port, draw back a small volume to remove any air bubbles: Set a P1000 pipette tip to 200 μl. Insert the tip into the inlet port. Turn the wheel until the dial shows 220-230 μl, or until you see a small volume of buffer entering the pipette tip.	
Load 500 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell via the inlet port, avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. Wait five minutes. During this time, prepare the library for loading using the next steps in the protocol.	
☐ Thoroughly mix the contents of the Loading Beads II (LBII) by pipetting.	
IMPORTANT	
The Loading Beads II (LBII) tube contains a suspension of beads. These beads settle very quickly. It is vital that they are mixed immediately before use.	
In a new tube, prepare the library for loading as follows: 75 µl Sequencing Buffer II (SBII) 51 µl Loading Beads II (LBII) thoroughly mixed before use, or Loading Solution (LS), if using 24 µl DNA library	
☐ Complete the flow cell priming by slowly loading 500 µl of the priming mix into the inlet port.	
☐ Mix the prepared library gently by pipetting up and down just prior to loading.	
Using a P1000, insert the pipette tip into the inlet port and add 150 μl of library.	
Close the valve to seal the inlet port.	
IMPORTANT	
Install the light shield on your flow cell as soon as library has been loaded for optimal sequencing output.	
If the light shield has been removed from the flow cell, install the light shield as follows: Align the inlet port cut out of the light shield with the inlet port cover on the flow cell. The leading edge of the light shield should sit above the flow cell ID.	
Firmly press the light shield around the inlet port cover. The inlet port clip will click into place underneath the inlet port cover.	
Close the PromethION lid when ready to start a sequencing run on MinKNOW.	
For multiple flow cell washing, use the same experiment name and identifying sample IDs for all runs to enable all flow cells to be paused simultaneously.	

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low Cell Number:	DNA Samples:
iow Cell Number	DNA Samples

INSTRUCTIONS	NOTES/OBSERVATIONS
Flow cell reuse and returns	
After your sequencing experiment is complete, if you would like to reuse the flow cell, please follow the Flow Cell Wash Kit protocol and store the washed flow cell at 2-8°C.	
Alternatively, follow the returns procedure to flush out the flow cell ready to send back to Oxford Nanopore.	
IMPORTANT If you encounter issues or have questions about your sequencing experiment, please refer to the Troubleshooting Guide that can be found in the online version of this protocol.	

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